

## **ENDURANCE GOLD CORPORATION**

### **MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS**

For the six month period ended June 30, 2012

This Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") has been prepared as of August 22, 2012 (the "Report Date"), and contains information up to and including the Report Date. This MD&A reviews the operating results and financial position of Endurance Gold Corporation and its U.S. subsidiary ("Endurance", or the "Company") for the six month period ended June 30, 2012 with the comparable period in 2011. This MD&A should be read in conjunction with the unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements of Endurance for the six months ended June 30, 2012 and the related notes, which have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"). All monetary amounts are in Canadian dollars. Additional information relating to the Company is available for viewing on the Company's website at [www.endurancegold.com](http://www.endurancegold.com) or on SEDAR at [www.sedar.com](http://www.sedar.com).

#### ***Overview***

Endurance (formerly 6172342 Canada Ltd.) was incorporated under the provisions of the *Canada Business Corporations Act* on December 16, 2003 and continued into British Columbia on August 16, 2004. Endurance is a company focused on the exploration and development of mineral properties in North America. The Company's current commodity focus is on gold, rare earth, nickel and copper. The Company's common shares have been listed and traded on the TSX Venture Exchange (the "Exchange") under the symbol "EDG" since August 4, 2005.

The Company's properties are in the exploration stage and the Company has not yet determined whether these properties contain ore reserves that are economically recoverable. The recoverability of amounts shown for exploration and evaluation assets and related deferred exploration expenditures are dependent upon the discovery of economically recoverable reserves, the ability of the Company to obtain necessary financing to complete the exploration and development of the exploration and evaluation assets and upon future profitable production or proceeds from the disposition thereof.

The Company formed a 100% owned U.S. subsidiary, Endurance Resources Inc. ("ERI"), on October 28, 2008 to acquire and evaluate several exploration project opportunities in the United States.

#### ***Exploration Activities***

The Company incurred \$90,965 in acquisition and exploration expenditures, which amount was partially offset by option payments of \$64,790 and recovered exploration expenditures of \$21,965 received from optionees during the current six month period. The costs were primarily related to the Company's expenditures on the Bandito property in the Yukon, and the McCord and Elephant Mountain properties in Alaska.

There are approximately \$1.56 million in exploration expenditures budgeted for 2012 on three of the Company's non-core exploration projects that will be funded solely by optionees pursuant to option agreements or joint venture partners. These arrangements provide the Company with exposure to potential new mineral discoveries without consuming its financial resources.

The Company has been directed considerable effort to the evaluation of new acquisition opportunities with evaluation primarily focused on the Americas.

Dollar amounts stated in this document are expressed in Canadian currency unless otherwise indicated.

#### ***Bandito Property, Yukon, Canada (Option to earn 75% interest)***

The Bandito property is currently 253 claims covering approximately 5,300 hectares. In August 2010, the Company entered into an option agreement with True North Gems Inc. ("TGX"), whereby the Company can earn up to a 75% interest in the Bandito property located in the Watson Lake district, Yukon Territory. Under the terms of the agreement, Endurance can earn an initial 51% interest in the Bandito property by completing a total of \$125,000 (\$75,000 paid) in cash payments by December 31, 2012 and also completing \$1,000,000 in exploration expenditures by December 31, 2013. Endurance has exceeded the cumulative 2012 work requirement. Once Endurance earns its initial 51% interest, it has a further option to acquire an additional 24% interest (total 75%) by issuing TGX 200,000 shares of

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Endurance and by incurring an additional \$1,000,000 in exploration expenditures prior to December 31, 2015.

The Bandito property is underlain by Proterozoic-aged argillite, quartzite and andesite-jasper breccia which have been intruded by Proterozoic-aged (650 Ma) reddish coloured nepheline syenite (**Red Syenite**) with pegmatitic, fine grained and coarse grained phases. The north trending Beaver River Thrust truncates the Proterozoic assemblage on the west edge of the property, with younger Paleozoic sediments on the north, east and west sides of the property. An approximate nine-square kilometre area of the Red Syenite and host rocks has been altered through potassium and sodium metasomatism and the introduction of iron oxides, primarily hematite.

Alteration occurs both within the Red Syenite, which is fluorite enriched, iron oxide and sericite altered, and in the adjoining Proterozoic-aged sediments in which the host rocks have been intruded by fine grain porphyritic Red Syenite dykes with associated extensive hornfels and variably altered to potassium feldspar, albite, carbonates, arfvedsonite, riebeckite, aegirine, specular hematite, hematite, chlorite, magnetite, sphene, zircon, monazite, xenotime, pyrochlore, fluorite, ferrocolumbite, and apatite (**Fenite**).

*Rare Earth Rock Sampling Highlights* - The most significant prospects sampled in 2011 include two trenches on the South Fenite Trend which returned the following rare earth elements (**REE**) results:

|                       |                        |               |
|-----------------------|------------------------|---------------|
| South Fenite trenches |                        |               |
| northern              | 2.30% TREO+Y           | Over 6 metres |
|                       | Including 3.32% TREO+Y | Over 4 metres |
| southern              | 1.38% TREO+Y           | Over 8 metres |
|                       | Including 2.08% TREO+Y | Over 5 metres |

*TREO+Y means total REE oxides plus yttrium oxide*

The South Fenite trench (northern) averages 10.8% heavy rare earth oxides (HREO) and 10.8% neodymium oxide ( $\text{Nd}_2\text{O}_3$ ). In 2011, a short drill hole tested the north eastern contact of this zone but, due to drilling problems, was unsuccessful in recovering core from the down-dip projection of the mineralized zone.

*Niobium – Tantalum Rock Sampling Highlights* - About 350 metres north east from the South Fenite trench and hosted within a coarse grain phase of the Red Syenite, initial reconnaissance scale sampling has identified a significant niobium-tantalum prospect. The grab sample contained 1.3%  $\text{Nb}_2\text{O}_5$ , and 0.094%  $\text{Ta}_2\text{O}_5$  associated with pyrochlore and specular hematite alteration.

In addition to this higher grade niobium-tantalum prospect, other peak values in the Red Syenite include 0.22%  $\text{Nb}_2\text{O}_5$  over 3.0 metres, 0.312%  $\text{Nb}_2\text{O}_5$  (grab), and 0.243%  $\text{Nb}_2\text{O}_5$  (grab). In the North Fenite, South Fenite and Copper Pass Fenite (2.9 kilometres strike) about thirty (30) samples from the 2011 program returned values greater than 1,000 parts per million ("ppm") niobium ( $>0.143\% \text{Nb}_2\text{O}_5$ ) including values up to 0.429%  $\text{Nb}_2\text{O}_5$  over 1.0 metre and 0.21%  $\text{Nb}_2\text{O}_5$  over 6 metres.

*Significant Soil Sample Anomalies* - In 2011, 1,464 soil samples were collected during the field season. Highlights of results from soil sampling include the recognition of:

- An approximate 1.4 kilometre long by up to 600 metre wide syenite-hosted niobium-tantalum (Nb -Ta) soil anomaly (90<sup>th</sup> percentile exceeds 146 ppm Nb).
- An approximate 1.8 kilometre long by up to 400 metre wide syenite-hosted REE soil anomaly (90<sup>th</sup> percentile exceeds 496 ppm TREE+Y).

The strongest of the 90<sup>th</sup> percentile niobium-tantalum and rare earth soil anomalies are underlain by altered Red Syenite and extend to the edge of the sampled grid.

*Nickel – Copper Rock Sampling Highlights* - The Nickel Discovery Zone was discovered in 2004 with the collection of grab samples in 2004, 2005 and 2006 which assay up to 11.35% nickel. In 2011, representative samples were collected

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from six prospect pits over a thirteen (13) metre width at the Nickel Discovery Zone. These pits average 0.8% nickel. The pits are distributed evenly across 13 metres of a quartz-sericite-pyrite stock work alteration zone ("QSP Alteration").

In addition to the Nickel Discovery Zone, six other copper and copper-nickel showings have been identified and sampled, extending the area of known nickel and copper prospects to 580 metres by 200 metres within the QSP Alteration, also called the Gossan Target. Two of the copper showings were systematically chip sampled from trenches with the following results:

#### *Gossan Target - Copper Pass Area - Copper Trenches*

|         |   |               |
|---------|---|---------------|
| Eastern | 1,294 ppm Copper, 974 ppm Zn<br>0.21% Nb <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub> , 0.28% TREO+Y | Over 6 metres |
| Western | 1,251 ppm Copper and 993 ppm nickel   | Over 5 metres |

Additional showings were identified by grab sampling of copper mineralization with results including:

- The "Tree Zone" with a value of 1.76% copper;
- The "South Zone" with a sample that grades 1.22% copper;
- The "North Talus Prospect" two samples with 1,275 ppm and 1,050 ppm copper; and
- The "Far East Prospect" two samples with 1,205 ppm and 1,240 ppm copper. One sample also contains 2,060 ppm nickel.

The soils anomalous in base metal values collected from the 2011 soil sampling program encompass an area of 1,000 metres by up to 600 metres width centered on the combined Nickel Discovery Zone and an area of the Six Copper Prospects (580 by 200 metres). In addition, two new nickel-copper soil anomalies were identified that are similar in size to the *Discovery Zone* nickel-copper soil anomaly.

During the quarter the Company applied through the Yukon Environmental and Socio-economic Assessment Board (YESAB) for a multi-year Class 3 Land Use Permit to seek stakeholder consensus for the Company's planned multi-year drilling program on the Bandito property. YESAB's recommendations and a subsequent Yukon Government decision on the permit application are expected in the third quarter. In the meantime, a modest 2012 program of additional prospecting, geological mapping and sampling is in the planning stages.

#### *Elephant Mountain Gold Property, Alaska, USA (Option to earn 100% interest)*

The Elephant Mountain property is located in the Rampart and the Manley Hot Springs placer gold mining district near Eureka, Alaska. The property can be accessed by road from Eureka, a placer mining area, located about 76 miles (123 kilometres) west of Fairbanks.

Under the terms of the letter agreement announced in January 2012, Endurance can earn a 100% interest in the Elephant Mountain property by completing a total of US\$200,000 in exploration expenditures, US\$200,000 in cash payments and delivering 400,000 Endurance common shares by December 31, 2017. The initial cash payment of US\$2,000 (paid) was due upon regulatory acceptance of the transaction. The initial 25,000 share payment and an additional cash payment of \$13,000 are payable to the vendor on finalization of a formal option agreement which is currently in negotiation. The option is subject to a 2% net smelter royalty ("NSR"), and Endurance can purchase half of the NSR at any time for US\$750,000.

Between 1989 and 1992, the Elephant Mountain property was explored for gold by Placer Dome, Inc. ("PDI"). PDI identified a gold-arsenic soil geochemical anomaly over the intrusive that extends for at least 6,000 feet and up to 1,500 feet wide, with peak values in soil samples up to 1,540 parts per billion ("ppb") gold ("Au"). During that time, PDI completed extensive trenching and ten (10) drill holes. The best of the PDI drill holes returned an average grade of 0.015 ounce per ton Au (0.514 grams per tonne "gpt" Au) over a width of 326 feet (99.4 metres). In the drill holes, gold

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mineralization is associated with arsenopyrite and native gold related to quartz veinlet stock-work, in silicified and sericite altered intrusive. The intrusive host is a Cretaceous-aged diorite to granite pluton that intrudes quartzite, siltstone and shale. Subsequent to the PDI exploration program, North Star Exploration Inc. completed additional soil sampling and drilled two holes in the intrusive and also encountered anomalous gold in silicified granite.

The Elephant Mountain area is, in part, drained by Eureka and Pioneer Creeks. Alluvial gold was first discovered in Eureka Creek in 1898 and both Eureka and Pioneer Creeks and their small tributaries are two of the most significant alluvial gold bearing creeks in the Eureka-Hot Springs gold district.

The Elephant Mountain prospect is interpreted to be a *reduced intrusion-related gold system* (RIRG) similar to the Fort Knox Mine, Ryan Lode, and True North deposits located in the nearby Fairbanks Gold Mining district in Alaska, as well as the Brewery Creek and Dublin Gulch deposits in the Yukon. All of these RIRG deposits are related to late Cretaceous-aged intrusive events within the Tintina Gold Province of Alaska and the Yukon, and are associated with historic placer gold mining.

The placer gold deposits, gold-in-soil anomalies, and wide drill intersections in intrusive indicate that the Elephant Property warrants a systematic exploration program of rock and soil sampling followed by drilling to confirm historic results and identify new exploration targets. A 2012 program is currently in the planning stages.

#### *McCord Gold Property, Alaska, USA (100% interest)*

In 2010, ERI acquired by staking a 100% interest in 14 Alaska State mineral claims located in Fairbanks District. In June 2012, the Company expanded the property by an additional 19 claims to increase the property size to a total of 4,620 acres.

During the quarter, the Company entered into an option agreement with Liberty Gold Corp. ("Liberty"), whereby Liberty can earn a 60% interest in the McCord Gold Property by incurring US\$600,000 in exploration expenditures and making US\$85,000 (US\$15,000 received) in cash payments to the Company over three years.

The McCord property is located in the eastern extension of the Livengood gold district and immediately adjoins International Tower Hill's ("ITH") Livengood Property on the eastern side. The McCord claims were located to cover the stream catchment area for two encouraging gold anomalies (110 and 61 ppb gold) in stream sediment samples collected from McCord Creek in 1982 and re-analysed by the State of Alaska Division of Geological and Geophysical Surveys ("DGGS") in 2005. The Livengood district has not been glaciated and therefore the stream sediment gold anomalies are interpreted to represent a source area within the McCord Creek drainage catchment.

The historic stream sediment gold results on McCord Creek compare favourably with the best analytical gold values of 201 ppb, 73 ppb, and 72 ppb gold from ITH's Money Knob discovery area on the immediately adjoining ITH property in the same 2005 DGGS survey. ITH has reported in-situ measured and indicated resource (*at 0.22 gpt cut-off*) of 16.5 million ounces of gold (see the ITH website for complete disclosure).

A program of grid-based and power auger assisted soil sampling (167 soil samples), geological mapping, prospecting, and rock sampling (32 rock samples) was completed in October 2011. A compilation and interpretative report was received in February 2012. There is poor outcrop and thus the soil sampling is an important early-stage exploration tool. Soil sampling has identified five gold-in-soil anomalies (greater than 10 ppb). Maximum soil values exceed 100 ppb gold. The two largest soil anomalies shed into the McCord Creek drainage and are 850 by 250 metres, and 650 by 200 metres in size.

The geology in the McCord Creek area is interpreted to consist of Proterozoic to Paleozoic sedimentary and volcanic rocks near an ophiolitic thrust assemblage of mafic volcanics that has been cross-cut by Cretaceous-aged intrusives. This geological setting is similar to ITH's adjoining property.

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The Company and Liberty have agreed a \$190,000 program budget that will involve the completion of further grid-based and power auger assisted soil sampling, geological mapping, prospecting, rock sampling and possible geophysics for 2012. The Company is the manager for the 2012 program, which is funded by Liberty. Crews were active on the property in August.

#### *Rattlesnake-Natrona Gold Project, Wyoming, USA (100% interest)*

In 2009 and 2010, the Company, through ERI, acquired a 100% interest in 10 properties totalling over 3,840 acres in the Rattlesnake Hills area of Wyoming.

Five of the ERI properties immediately adjoin Evolving Gold Corporation's (EVG) Rattlesnake Hills property where significant gold mineralization has been discovered at the North Stock Target and Antelope Target. ERI's most prospective properties are located between 1.7 and 4.0 kilometres from the North Stock Target area on the EVG property and 500 metres east of EVG's Growler Prospect which has returned grab samples up to 3.1 gpt Au. The geologic setting of the Endurance properties and the EVG discovery are similar to large scale alkalic intrusive hosted gold deposits within the Rocky Mountain alkalic gold province that include Cripple Creek in Colorado. The Cripple Creek district has produced 21 million ounces of gold to date.

In 2011, Evolving Gold announced a deal with Agnico-Eagle Mines Limited that provided Agnico-Eagle the option to earn a 70% interest in Evolving Gold's property. In June 2012, EVG announced that Agnico-Eagle had withdrawn from the option, due to financial constraints.

The Endurance properties were targeted to cover areas underlain by Tertiary phonolite (alkalic) intrusions, emplaced into Precambrian aged metavolcanics. This geological environment is identical to that hosting Evolving Gold's North Stock and Antelope Basin discoveries, where gold mineralization occurs in brecciated zones within and adjacent to the alkalic intrusions, and extends into the surrounding schists of the Precambrian country rock.

Mapping in 2009 and 2010 by Endurance has confirmed the presence of eight Tertiary alkalic intrusions on five of the Company's ten properties. Zones of intense brecciation and shearing were noted on one of the properties and two other properties contained areas of moderate iron staining indicative of weathered sulphide mineralization within or near to the intrusions. In 2009 and 2010, two programs which included geological mapping, rock sampling, soil sampling and ground geophysics were completed. During these programs, one grab sample of the brecciated material returned a gold analysis of 0.66 gpt Au. Elsewhere, soil anomalies to up to 213 ppb Au were detected.

Field mapping and whole rock geochemistry completed by Endurance confirms that the eight intrusives that outcrop on Endurance's properties are alkalic phonolites. Petrographic studies indicate that the phonolites host accessory magnetite. On one property, diatreme to crackle brecciated schists were observed in outcrop and petrographic studies of this breccia observed both a k-feldspar alteration assemblage cross cut by a latter quartz-iron oxide-albite-chlorite alteration assemblage. Iron oxide alteration includes the observation of specular hematite. This breccia and alteration is associated with the elevated gold values and is at the contact with an alkali phonolite intrusive. This geological setting has strong analogies to the EVG North Stock gold discovery.

A controlled source audio-magnetotelluric ("CSAMT") geophysical survey of 15.1 line kilometres was undertaken on the Company's BC and TMS properties by Quantec Geoscience USA Inc. in 2009. The BC and TMS properties adjoin the EVG Property and are located four kilometres northwest and 1.7 kilometres northeast respectively of the northern end of the North Stock discovery. On the BC property a strong CSAMT conductive anomaly (approximately 400 x 100 metres) correlates with the mapped contact of one of the two Tertiary phonolite (alkalic) intrusives mapped on the property. On the TMS property, a CSAMT resistive anomaly correlates with both an interpreted regional structure and the mapped contact of a 500 metre diameter Tertiary phonolite (alkalic) intrusive. On the EVG North Stock discovery to the south, these similar intrusive margins are host to diatreme breccias containing significant gold mineralization.

The encouraging geological setting of the Company's properties and the favourable exploration results generated on the EVG property justify further exploration activities on the Company's properties including additional geophysics and

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drilling. Subsequent to June 30, 2012, the Company abandoned several non-core State leases which expired without renewal. No program is planned for 2012.

#### *Pardo Property, Ontario, Canada (45% Joint Venture ("JV") interest)*

Endurance owns a 45% JV interest in the 33 square kilometres "Pardo" Property, located 65 kilometres northeast of Sudbury, in east-central Ontario. The original Vendors have retained a 3% NSR royalty, of which one-half can be purchased for \$1,500,000 at any time.

The road accessible property covers a sequence of Proterozoic aged rocks of the Mississagi Formation, a basal unit of the Huronian Supergroup sedimentary assemblage that forms the 15,000 square kilometre Cobalt Embayment.

Gold mineralization defined to date on the Pardo Property is spatially associated with pyritic and quartz pebble bearing portions of the Mississagi Formation conglomerates, at a major regional unconformity. The widespread occurrence of low grade gold mineralization associated with the basal conglomerate on the Pardo Property, and the potential size of the target, warrants further exploration and drilling programs.

Prior to 2009, Endurance completed approximately \$1,000,000 in exploration on the claim block, including trenching and two drilling campaigns totaling 1,626 metres in 97 holes. Intercepts up to 2.01 gpt Au over 8.4 metres were returned from Endurance's drilling program.

In 2009, the Company entered into an option agreement with Mount Logan Resources Ltd., a wholly-owned subsidiary of Ginguro Exploration Inc. ("Ginguro"). Under the terms of its option agreement with Endurance, Ginguro could earn an initial 55% interest in the property by completing \$1,000,000 in exploration expenditures and making cash payments totaling \$200,000 to Endurance over a three year period.

In March 2012, Ginguro completed the final \$50,000 option payment and notified the Company that it has fulfilled all of its obligations under the option agreement and earned its 55% interest in the Pardo Property. As a result, a JV with 45% (Endurance) and 55% (Ginguro) was formed. Ginguro has been appointed operator under the terms of the JV.

During the term of the option Ginguro completed 154 drill holes and a metallurgical testwork on several large samples from surface pits and trenches on the Pardo property. As a result of this program, Ginguro has identified a gold bearing channelized conglomerate "reef" that has now been expanded to approximately 3,600 metres long by 400 metres wide on the JV Property. The reef remains open along the channel extension onto adjoining property owned by Ginguro. During 2011 Ginguro did not complete any drilling on the current JV property.

In April 2012, the Pardo JV approved an exploration program and budget of approximately \$1 million that anticipates further drilling on the Pardo JV in late 2012.

#### *Dogpaw Project, Ontario, Canada (25% JV interest)*

The Dogpaw Lake Property is located approximately 40 kilometres east of Kenora in northwestern Ontario. The property is now comprised of 24 mining claims all situated within the Kenora Mining Division.

In 2007 Endurance entered into an option agreement with Metals Creek Exploration (MEK), whereby MEK could acquire a 75% interest in 14 claims comprising 60 units in the Dogpaw Lake area of northwestern Ontario. Since that date, MEK has earned its 75% interest through issuing 450,000 shares to EDG and completing \$450,000 in exploration expenditures. As a result, a JV [25% (Endurance) and 75% (MEK)] was formed in 2010.

In July 2012, the Dogpaw JV approved a two-phased exploration program with a budget of approximately \$370,000 that anticipates further trenching and drilling on the Dogpaw JV in late 2012. The first phase of the budget has been approved by the Dogpaw JV.

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In 2010, ERI acquired by staking a 100% interest in 22 Alaska State mineral claims encompassing over 3,200 acres located in Tolovana Mining District in Alaska, USA.

The Vana property is located adjacent to Tolovana Hot Springs Dome ("**THSD**") which is 19 miles southwest of the community of Livengood, Alaska and ITH's Livengood deposit.

Eight reconnaissance soil samples have been collected, but a larger program of grid-based soil sampling and prospecting is warranted. No sampling program was conducted on the property during 2011 or is planned for 2012.

#### *Fuego Property, Yukon, Canada (100% interest)*

Endurance owns a 100% interest in 26 Yukon quartz claims located in the Watson Lake district, Yukon Territory immediately west of the Bandito Property. The claims were staked to cover a previously mapped intrusive syenite and/or trachyte breccia. The breccia on Fuego is similar to breccia mapped on the Bandito property. Historic sampling suggests that the Fuego property also hosts potential for shale-hosted zinc and lead mineralization.

A program of prospecting, rock sampling, reconnaissance soil sampling, and additional claim staking was completed in 2011. The identification of soil samples anomalous in niobium, zinc and lead justify further work, but no work is planned for 2012.

#### *Other Properties, Canada*

##### *Nechako Gold Property, British Columbia, Canada (75% JV interest)*

The property is owned 75% by Endurance, and 25% by Amarc Resources Ltd. Several mineral claims comprising the property were allowed to lapse during the year. No further exploration is recommended on the Nechako Gold Project.

The Company also retains an NSR interest in an exploration and evaluation asset in Ontario.

### **Results of Operations**

#### *Six months ended June 30, 2012*

The Company incurred comprehensive income of \$1,726, or \$0.00 per common share, as compared to a net loss of \$346,331 or \$0.00 per common share for the same period in 2011. The income in the current period reflects a deferred tax recovery of \$135,000 that relates to the renouncement of \$540,000 of flow-through expenditures to investors (see notes 8 to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements). The renouncement had no effect on cash.

Excluding the non-recurring tax item, the Company would have incurred a net loss of \$133,274 for the six months ended June 30, 2012 as compared to \$346,331 in the same period in 2011. The net loss in the current period is inclusive of interest income of \$2,042 (2011 - \$2,233), a realized loss on sales of marketable securities of \$nil (2011 - \$214); and an unrealized loss on marketable securities of \$3,200 (2011 - \$79,986).

General and administrative expenses before other items for the six month period ended June 30, 2012, totaled \$132,116 (2011 - \$268,364), \$136,248 lower than comparable expenses incurred in the same period last year. The variance was mainly attributable to:

- Business development and property investigation expenses totaled \$16,949 (2011 - \$45,124), a decrease of \$28,175, as a result of the Company curtailing its reconnaissance activities during the current period. During the current period, an additional \$11,025 (2011 - \$26,325) in management fees were included in business development and property investigation expenses.

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- Corporate communications totaled \$22,245 (2011 - \$15,816), an increase of \$6,429, which amount included annual general meeting expense of \$5,638 (2011 - \$5,889); fees paid for investor relations support of \$3,529 (2011 - \$nil); travel expense of \$852 (2011 - \$929); website hosting expense of \$2,901 (2011 - \$4,983); and \$9,225 (2011 - \$3,600) in management fees were included in Corporate communications expense during the current period.
- Management fees totaled \$39,675 (2011 - \$68,475), a decrease of \$28,800. During the current six month period, an additional \$60,075 (2011 - \$63,900) in management fees were capitalized to exploration and evaluation assets, and included in property investigation and corporate communication expenses.
- Office and administrative totaled \$33,401 (2011 - \$44,842), a decrease of \$11,441, which amounts included insurance expense of \$8,090 (2011 - 8,506); office rent and service expenses of \$19,407 (2011 - 17,118); office equipment rental expense of \$976 (2011 - \$488); and an unrealized foreign exchange loss of \$2,032 (2011 - \$5,079). The amount in 2011 is also included a one-time cost of \$8,153 for moving and associated costs with the relocation to the Company's office.
- Professional fees totaled \$9,059 (2011 - \$25,241), a decrease of \$16,182. The amount in 2011 included an accrued amount of \$15,000 in audit fees related with its transition and adoption to IFRS reporting.
- Share-based compensation expense (a non-cash charge) of \$nil (2011 - \$57,180), incurred as a result of the vesting of nil (2011 - 300,000) stock options granted during the current six month period.

#### *Three months ended June 30, 2012*

The Company's net loss for the three months ended June 30, 2012 was \$63,128 or \$0.00 per common share, as compared to a net loss of \$167,921 or \$0.00 per common share for the same period in 2011. The net loss in the current three month period is inclusive of interest income of \$1,298 (2011 - \$1,161) and an unrealized loss on marketable securities of \$11,200 (2011 - \$33,600).

General and administrative expenses before other items for the current three month period ended June 30, 2012, totaled \$53,226 (2011 - \$135,482), \$82,256 lower than comparable expenses incurred in the same period of last year. The variance was mainly attributable to:

- Business development and property investigation expenses totaled \$3,465 (2011 - \$13,320), a decrease of \$9,855. During the current quarter, an additional \$2,700 (2011 - \$5,850) in management fees were included in business development and property investigation expenses.
- Corporate communications totaled \$8,284 (2011 - \$8,884), a decrease of \$600 which amount included annual general meeting expense of \$5,063 (2011 - \$5,889); fees paid for investor relations support of \$1,764 (2011 - \$nil); website hosting expense of \$760 (2011 - \$1,195) and \$675 (2011 - \$1,800) in management fees were included in Corporate communications expense during the current quarter.
- Management fees totaled \$18,375 (2011 - \$32,100), a decrease of \$13,725. During the current quarter, an additional \$16,875 (2011 - \$29,925) in management fees were capitalized to exploration and evaluation assets, and included in property investigation and corporate communication expenses.
- Share-based compensation expense (a non-cash charge) of \$nil (2011 - \$57,180), incurred as a result of the vesting of nil (2011 - 300,000) stock options granted during the current quarter.

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**Summary of Quarterly Results**

Results for the eight most recent quarters ending with the last quarter for the three months ending on June 30, 2012 are summarized in the table below.

| Quarter Ended:                               | IFRS               |                    |                    |                     |                    |                    |                    |                     |
|--|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|
|  | June<br>30<br>2012 | Mar.<br>31<br>2012 | Dec.<br>31<br>2011 | Sept.<br>30<br>2011 | June<br>30<br>2011 | Mar.<br>31<br>2011 | Dec.<br>31<br>2010 | Sept.<br>30<br>2010 |
| Net sales or total revenue<br>(\$000s)       | \$ Nil             | \$ Nil             | \$ Nil             | \$ Nil              | \$ Nil             | \$ Nil             | \$ Nil             | \$ Nil              |
| Income (loss) from continuing<br>operations: |                    |                    |                    |                     |                    |                    |                    |                     |
| (i) in total (000s)                          | \$ (63)            | \$ 65              | \$ (666)           | \$ (66)             | \$ (168)           | \$ (178)           | \$ (20)            | \$ (83)             |
| (ii) per share <sup>(1)</sup>                | \$ (0.00)          | \$ 0.00            | \$ (0.01)          | \$ (0.00)           | \$ (0.00)          | \$ (0.00)          | \$ (0.00)          | \$ (0.00)           |
| Net income or loss:                          |                    |                    |                    |                     |                    |                    |                    |                     |
| (i) in total (000s)                          | \$ (63)            | \$ 65              | \$ (666)           | \$ (66)             | \$ (168)           | \$ (178)           | \$ (20)            | \$ (83)             |
| (ii) per share <sup>(1)</sup>                | \$ (0.00)          | \$ 0.00            | \$ (0.01)          | \$ (0.00)           | \$ (0.00)          | \$ (0.00)          | \$ (0.00)          | \$ (0.00)           |

(1) Basic and diluted losses per share are the same, as the effect of potential issuances of shares under stock option agreements would be anti-dilutive.

- The net loss reported in the second quarter of 2012 includes an unrealized loss on marketable securities of \$11,200.
- The net income reported in the first quarter of 2012 includes an unrealized gain on marketable securities of \$8,000 and a deferred tax recovery of \$135,000 related to the renouncement of \$540,000 of flow-through expenditures to investors in the current quarter.
- The net loss reported in the fourth quarter of 2011 includes an unrealized loss on marketable securities of \$9,600 and a write-off in exploration and evaluation assets of \$567,610.
- The net loss reported in the third quarter of 2011 includes an unrealized loss on marketable securities of \$4,800 and an unrealized gain on foreign exchange of \$6,161.
- The net loss reported in the second quarter of 2011 includes share-based compensation of \$57,180 incurred as a result of the vesting of 300,000 stock options; an unrealized loss on marketable securities of \$33,600 and an unrealized loss on foreign exchange of \$447.
- The net loss reported in the first quarter of 2011 includes a realized loss on sales of marketable securities of \$214; an unrealized loss on marketable securities of \$46,386 and an unrealized loss on foreign exchange of \$4,631.
- The net loss reported in the fourth quarter of 2010 includes a realized loss on marketable securities of \$7,605, an unrealized gain on marketable securities of \$90,210; an unrealized loss on foreign exchange of \$9,361.
- The net loss reported in the third quarter of 2010 includes an unrealized loss on marketable securities of \$2,000 and an unrealized loss on foreign exchange of \$8,289.

The Company's operations and business are not driven by seasonal trends, but rather the achievement of project milestones such as various geological, technical, environmental and socio-economic objectives as well as receipt of financings to fund these projects.

The operating results of junior exploration companies typically demonstrate wide variations from period to period. These variances arise from fluctuations in such costs as share-based compensation, exploration costs expensed or written down, professional fees, listing and transfer agent fees, corporate communications and office expenses. Management of the Company believe that meaningful information about our operations cannot be derived from an analysis of quarterly fluctuations unless the reader examines in more detail the information presented in the quarterly and annual financial statements. See "Results of Operations".

## **ENDURANCE GOLD CORPORATION**

### **MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS**

For the six month period ended June 30, 2012

#### ***Liquidity and Capital Resources***

The exploration and evaluation assets of the Company are in the exploration stage and, as a result, the Company has no operations that generate cash flow. The Company finances its activities primarily by the sale of its equity securities or from the sale of an interest in its properties in whole or in part.

The Company does not use debt financing to fund its property acquisitions and exploration activities and has no current plans to use debt financing.

The Company has no stand-by credit facilities, or any off-balance sheet arrangements and it does not use hedges or other financial derivatives.

#### ***Cash and Financial Conditions***

The Company's cash position was \$874,939 at June 30, 2012 (\$369,747 at December 31, 2011), an increase of \$505,192. The Company had working capital of \$719,795 at June 30, 2012, as compared to \$365,903 at December 31, 2011.

The Company's current working capital position may not provide it with sufficient liquidity to meet its current and future exploration activities. The development of the Company's properties will therefore depend upon the Company's ability to obtain financing through the equity markets. There can be no assurance that the Company will be successful in obtaining additional financing. Failure to raise additional financing on a timely basis could cause the Company to suspend its operations and eventually to forfeit or sell its interest in its properties.

#### ***Investing Activities***

During the six month period ended June 30, 2012, the Company's cash flow used for investing activities in exploration and evaluation assets was \$90,561 (2011 - \$115,716), all of which represented acquisition and exploration costs that were capitalized; \$64,790 (2011 - \$50,000) in exploration and evaluation assets recovery received.

#### ***Financing Activities***

During the current six month period ended June 30, 2012, the Company closed a non-brokered private placement raising gross proceeds of \$500,000 by issuing 5,000,000 units (the "Unit") at a price of \$0.10 per Unit. Each Unit consists of one common share and one non-transferable common share purchase warrant (the "Warrant"). Each Warrant is exercisable into one common share at a price of \$0.10 per share for a period of five years from the date of closing (the "Closing"). The Warrants are subject to an accelerated expiry date which comes into effect when the trading price of the common shares of the Company closes at or above \$0.30 per share for twenty consecutive trading days in the period commencing four months after the Closing. In the event that the Company gives an expiry acceleration notice (the "Notice") to holder of the warrants, the expiry date of the Warrants will be 30 days from the date of the Notice. The gross proceeds from the sale of the Units will be used to fund the Company's exploration activities and for general working capital. A total of 3,200,000 Units were subscribed by directors and companies controlled by directors of the Company.

During the six month period ended June 30, 2011, the Company closed a non-brokered private placement raising gross proceeds of \$540,000 by issuing 4,500,000 flow-through shares at a price of \$0.12 per flow-through share. A total of 220,000 flow-through shares were subscribed by two directors of the Company.

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***Outstanding share data as at the Report Date:***

On the Report Date, the Company had 58,722,586 common shares outstanding or 68,322,586 shares on a fully diluted basis as follows:

|               | No. of Shares | Exercise Price  | Expiry Date                    |
|---------------|---------------|-----------------|--------------------------------|
| Stock Options | 4,600,000     | \$0.10 - \$0.21 | Oct. 11, 2012 to Aug. 22, 2017 |
| Warrants      | 5,000,000     | \$0.10          | May 24, 2017                   |

***Transactions with related parties***

Included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities is \$20,485 (2011 - \$24,266) due to related parties. Amounts due to related parties are unsecured, non-interest bearing and have no specific terms of repayment.

During the six month periods ended June 30, 2012, the Company entered into the following related party transactions:

- a) Paid to Cooper Jack Investments Limited, a private company controlled by the President, CEO and director, Robert Boyd, an aggregate amount of \$69,750 (2011 - \$102,375), of which \$39,825 (2011- \$33,975) was capitalized as geological project management fees, \$9,675 (2011 - \$38,475) was expensed as administration management fees, \$11,025 (2011 - \$26,325) was expensed as business development and property investigation, and \$9,225 (2011 - \$3,600) was expensed as corporate communication expenses.
- b) Paid to T.P. Cheng & Company Ltd., a private company controlled by an officer, Teresa Cheng, \$30,000 (2011 - \$30,000) for administration management fees.
- c) Paid or accrued to Adera Company Management Ltd., a private company controlled by a director, J. Christopher Mitchell, an aggregate amount of \$3,800 (2011 - \$4,975) for professional fees, of which \$2,000 (2011 - \$nil) was capitalized as project consulting fees, \$1,300 (2011 - \$3,025) was expensed as administration consulting fees, \$nil (2011 - \$1,950) was included in business development and property investigation, and \$500 (2011 - \$nil) was expensed as corporate communication expenses.
- d) Paid to First Point Minerals Corp., an TSX Venture Exchange listed company, with a common director, J. Christopher Mitchell, \$nil (2011 - \$4,698) for rent included in office and administrative.

The amounts charged to the Company for the transactions provided have been determined by negotiations amongst the parties. These transactions were in the normal course of operations and were measured at the same value as if the transactions had occurred with non-related parties.

**FUTURE ACCOUNTING POLICY CHANGES ISSUED BUT NOT YET IN EFFECT**

The following new standards and interpretations are not yet effective and have not been applied in preparing these condensed consolidated interim financial statements. The Company is currently evaluating the potential impacts of these new standards.

- IFRS 9, *Financial Instruments* (effective January 1, 2015) introduces new requirements for the classification and measurement of financial assets, and will replace IAS 39. IFRS 9 uses a single approach to determine whether a financial asset is measured at amortized cost or fair value, replacing the multiple classification options available in IAS 39.
- IFRS 10, *Consolidated Financial Statements*, IFRS 11, *Joint Arrangements*, IFRS 12, *Disclosure of Interests in*

## ENDURANCE GOLD CORPORATION

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

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*Other Entities* (all effective January 1, 2013) provide revised guidance on the accounting treatment and associated disclosure requirements for joint arrangements and associates, and a revised definition of "control" for identifying entities which are to be consolidated.

- IFRS 13, *Fair Value Measurements* (effective January 1, 2013) provides new guidance on fair value measurement and disclosure requirements.
- Amendments to IAS 1, *Presentation of Comprehensive Income* (effective for annual periods beginning on or after July 1, 2012) require that elements of other comprehensive income that may subsequently be recycled through profit or loss be differentiated from those items that will not be recycled.
- IAS 27, *Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements* (effective January 1, 2013) provides new guidance on fair value measurement and disclosure requirements and IAS 28, *Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures* were revised and reissued to align with the new consolidation guidance.

## FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK

### *Fair value*

IFRS 7 establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value as follows:

Level 1 – quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2 – inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and

Level 3 – inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

As at June 30, 2012, the Company's financial instruments are comprised of cash and cash equivalents, marketable securities, receivables, and accounts payable and accrued liabilities. The carrying value of receivables, accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximate their fair values due to the relatively short periods to maturity of these financial instruments.

Financial instruments measured at fair value on the statements of financial position are summarized in levels of fair value hierarchy as follows:

June 30, 2012

| Assets                    | Level 1           | Level 2     | Level 3  | Total             |
|---------------------------|-------------------|-------------|----------|-------------------|
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 874,939        | \$ -        | \$ -     | \$ 874,939        |
| Marketable securities     | <u>16,000</u>     | <u>-</u>    | <u>-</u> | <u>16,000</u>     |
| Total                     | <u>\$ 890,939</u> | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>\$ 890,939</u> |

### *Risk Management*

The Company's risk exposures and the impact on the Company's financial instruments are summarized below:

#### *Credit risk*

Credit risk is the risk of potential loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. The Company's credit risk is limited to the carrying amount on the statement of

## **ENDURANCE GOLD CORPORATION**

### **MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION**

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financial position and arises from the Company's cash and cash equivalents, marketable securities, and receivables.

The Company's cash and cash equivalents are held through a Canadian chartered bank, which is a high-credit quality financial institution. The Company's receivables primarily consist of recoverable sales tax due from the Government of Canada.

#### *Liquidity risk*

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company's approach to managing liquidity risk is to ensure that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet liabilities when due. As at June 30, 2012, the Company had a cash balance of \$874,939 to settle current liabilities of \$193,339. All of the Company's financial liabilities have contractual maturities of 30 days or are due on demand and are subject to normal trade terms.

#### *Market risk*

Market risk is the risk of loss that may arise from changes in market factors such as interest rates and foreign exchange rates.

##### (a) Interest rate risk

The Company has cash balances and no interest-bearing debt. The Company's current policy is to invest excess cash in investment-grade short-term certificates of deposits issued by its banking institution. The Company periodically monitors the investments it makes and is satisfied with the credit ratings of its bank.

##### (b) Foreign currency rate risk

While the Company is domiciled in Canada and its capital is raised in Canadian dollars, a portion of its business is conducted in the United States of America. As such, it is subject to risk due to fluctuations in the exchange rate between the Canadian and US dollars. At June 30, 2012, the Company has cash and advance from optionee denominated in U.S. dollars of US\$225,408 and US\$164,418 respectively. Each 1% change in the Canadian dollar versus the U.S. dollar will result in a gain/loss of approximately \$621.

Management believes the foreign exchange risk derived from currency conversions is insignificant and therefore does not hedge its foreign exchange risk.

The carrying value of cash and cash equivalents, marketable securities, receivables, and accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximate their fair values due to the relatively short periods to maturities of these financial instruments.

Based on management's knowledge of and experience in the financial markets, management does not believe that the Company's current financial instruments will be materially affected by credit risk, liquidity risk or market risk.

## **CAPITAL MANAGEMENT**

The Company manages its cash and cash equivalents, and common shares as capital. The Company manages its capital with the following objectives:

- to ensure sufficient financial flexibility to achieve the on-going business objectives including, but not limited to pursuing the exploration of its exploration and evaluation assets, funding of future growth opportunities, and pursuit of new acquisitions; and
- to maximize shareholder return through enhancing the share value.

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### **MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS**

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The Company monitors its capital structure and makes adjustments according to market conditions in an effort to meet its objectives given the current outlook of the business and industry in general. The Company manages its capital structure by issuing new shares, adjusting capital spending or disposing of assets. In addition, management of the Company's capital structure is facilitated through its financial and operational forecasting processes. The forecast of the Company's future cash flows is based on estimates of commodity prices, forecast capital and operating expenditures, and other investing and financing activities. The forecast is regularly updated based on new commodity prices and other changes, which the Company views as critical in the current environment.

The Company's working capital as at June 30, 2012 was \$719,795 (December 31, 2011 - \$365,903). The Company's capital management objectives, policies and processes have not been changed over the period presented. The Company is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

#### ***Risk Factors Relating to the Company's Business***

As a company active in the mineral resource exploration and development industry, the Company is exposed to a number of risks.

##### *Exploration Stage Operations*

The Company's operations are subject to all of the risks normally incident to the exploration for and the development and operation of exploration and evaluation assets. The Company has implemented comprehensive safety and environmental measures designed to comply with government regulations and ensure safe, reliable and efficient operations in all phases of its operations. The Company maintains liability insurance, where reasonably available, in such amounts it considers prudent. The Company may become subject to liability for hazards against which it cannot insure or which it may elect not to insure against because of high premium costs or other reasons.

All of the Company's properties are still in the exploration stage. Mineral exploration and exploitation involves a high degree of risk, which even a combination of experience, knowledge and careful evaluation may not be able to avoid. Few properties that are explored are ultimately developed into producing mines.

Mineral exploration in various jurisdictions may involve consultation with First Nations groups. The Company endeavours to consult with such groups on a good faith basis, however, there are no guarantees the consultation process will result in decisions acceptable to all parties. The risk of unforeseen aboriginal title claims and disputes could affect the Company's existing operations as well as development projects and future acquisitions.

Unusual or unexpected formations, formation pressures, fires, power outages, labour disruptions, extreme weather events, flooding, explosions, tailings impoundment failures, cave-ins, landslides and the inability to obtain adequate machinery, equipment or labour are some of the risks involved in mineral exploration and exploitation activities. The Company has relied on and may continue to rely on consultants and others for mineral exploration and exploitation expertise. Substantial expenditures are required to establish mineral reserves and resources through drilling, to develop metallurgical processes to extract the metal from the material processed, and to develop the mining and processing facilities and infrastructure at any site chosen for mining.

There is no assurance that commercial quantities of ore will be discovered. Even if commercial quantities of ore are discovered, there is no assurance that the properties will be brought into commercial production or that the funds required to exploit mineral reserves and resources discovered by the Company will be obtained on a timely basis or at all. The commercial viability of a mineral deposit once discovered is also dependent on a number of factors, some of which are the particular attributes of the deposit, such as size, grade and proximity to infrastructure, as well as metal prices. Most of the above factors are beyond the control of the Company.

## **ENDURANCE GOLD CORPORATION**

### **MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS**

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There can be no assurance that the Company's mineral exploration activities will be successful. In the event that such commercial viability is never attained, the Company may seek to transfer its property interests or otherwise realize value or may even be required to abandon its business and fail as a "going concern".

#### *Competition*

The mining industry is intensely competitive in all of its phases, and the Company competes with other companies with greater technical and financing resources than itself with respect to acquire properties of merit, the recruitment and retention of qualified employees and other persons to carry out its mineral exploration activities. Competition in the mining industry could adversely affect the Company's prospects for mineral exploration in the future.

#### *Commitments*

The Company entered into an office lease agreement commencing March 1, 2011 and ending February 28, 2015. Minimum lease payments are as follows:

|      |                   |
|------|-------------------|
| 2012 | \$ 40,349         |
| 2013 | 43,858            |
| 2014 | 44,996            |
| 2015 | <u>7,657</u>      |
|      | <u>\$ 136,860</u> |

#### *Outlook*

The Company will need to raise additional funds to significantly advance its property portfolio and to fund exploration programs to meet cumulative optional work requirements by 2013 year-end for the Bandito property in the Yukon, and the Elephant Mountain property in Alaska. The Company will also need to consider funding alternatives to advance its 100% owned Vana property in Alaska and the Rattlesnake-Natrona property in Wyoming. Management is also evaluating other potential mineral exploration projects for acquisition. The Company is working to secure those funds from conventional equity financing sources, from private investors, through farm-outs of existing properties in the Company's portfolio, such as the McCord farm-out agreement and from strategic partnerships. Failure to raise such funds on a timely basis could cause the Company to suspend its operations and eventually to forfeit or sell its interest in its properties.

#### *Forward-Looking Statements*

Certain of the statements made and information contained herein is "forward-looking information" within the meaning of the Securities Acts in British Columbia and Ontario. This includes statements concerning the Company's plans at its exploration and evaluation assets, which involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause the actual results, performance or achievements of the Company, or industry results, to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking information. Forward-looking information is subject to a variety of risks and uncertainties which could cause actual events or results to differ from those reflected in the forward-looking information, including, without limitation, the ability of the Company to continue to be able to access the capital markets for the funding necessary to acquire and maintain exploration properties and to carry out its desired exploration programs; inability to fund the Company's share of costs incurred under JV agreements to which it is a party, and reduction or elimination of its JV interest as a result; competition within the minerals industry to acquire properties of merit, and competition from other companies possessing greater technical and financial resources; difficulties in executing exploration programs on the Company's proposed schedules and within its cost estimates, whether due to weather conditions in the areas where it operates, increasingly stringent environmental regulations and other permitting restrictions, or other factors related to exploring of its properties, such as the availability of essential supplies and services; factors beyond the capacity of the Company to anticipate and control, such as government regulations relating to health, safety and the environment, and the scale and scope of royalties and taxes on production; the availability of experienced contractors and professional staff to

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perform work in a competitive environment and the resulting adverse impact on costs and performance and other risks and uncertainties, including those described in each management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations. In addition, forward-looking information is based on various assumptions including, without limitation, assumptions associated with exploration results and costs and the availability of materials and skilled labour. Should one or more of these risks and uncertainties materialize, or should underlying assumptions prove incorrect, actual results may vary materially from those described in forward-looking statements. Accordingly, readers are advised not to place undue reliance on forward-looking information. Except as required under applicable securities legislation, the Company undertakes no obligation to publicly update or revise forward-looking information, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.